LOBANOFF REFUSES TO RECEIVE THEM AN EFFETE BUITAN AND CORRUPT PACHAS-TUR KEY ACTING AS RUSSIA'S MANDATORY-

THE POWERS WILL PUT AN END TO IT.

LONDON, Dec. 10 .- The Vienna correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says to-night: "General sympathy is manifested toward the Bulgarian delegates, who are discharging their patriotic mission with great tact and earnestness. The semi-official Fremdenblatt takes care to inform the public this morning that the Austrian Minister only received them informally, not officially. It is difficult to see how their cause will be furthered by any amount of moral encouragement. If they get nothing more substantial than that, if they do not at least ascertain which candidate would have the support of the Austrian Government, their visit to Vienna cannot prove altogether satisfactory. day they were received by Prince Lobanoff, the Russian Ambassador. He told them at once that as diplomatic relations between the Russian and Bulgarian Governments were broken off, he could not consider their visit as official. They asked him to telegraph to St. Petersburg, to inquire whether the Government there would consent to receive them as private individuals. Prince Lobanoff

agreed to do so.

"Subjoined is an extract from a circular just issued by the Porte to its Ministers at the different Euroj ean courts :

" In calling the attention of the Government to which you are accredited to this circular you will express the hope that they will lend us their friendly co-operation in such measure as the Imperial Government may think proper to take at Sophia for the purpose of furthering the election of the Prince of Mingrelia."

Thus the Porte does not hesitate to con forward as the mandatory of Russia, and in the hope of securing the assistance of the Powers in forcing a Mingrelian caudidate on the Bulgarians. Turkey is rapidly losing the last vestige of public sympathy in Europe. With her effete Sultan and corrupt l'achas she is becoming a nuisance and a danger. It is no secret that part of the Sultan's entourage is at present in the pay of Russia. Bribery is practised on an incredible scale, and to this revolting corruption of Ottoman officialdom the prolongation of the pending crisis is chiefly due. This cannot be allowed to continue. Such a regime constitutes a European peril. The moment is at hand when the peace-abiding Powers will have no alternative but to put an end to it."

RUSSIA'S GOOD INTENTIONS. HER DUTY TO MAINTAIN PRACE-SATISFIED WITH THE ATTITUDE OF TURKEY-TO RESTORE

BULGARIAN PROSPERITY. St. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10 .- The Official Messenger says: "The recall of the Russian agents was not ended to sever the ties uniting Bulgaria and Russia; it only signified that Russia refused to recognize the legality of the condition of affairs under which an insignificant minority seized supreme power and imagined it was entitled to guide Bulgarian destinies and make the people its tool. Revolutionary passions have had a peruicious effect upon public morality in Bulgaria. The Buigarian's peaceful disposition and love of work were pledges of their future prosperity. Through these qualities Bulgaria was making rapid progress, when the revolution of Philippopolis suddenly diverted the country into the path of dangerous political adventures which entailed heavy sacrifices and resulted in the present condition of affairs, which, if it continues, will end in anarchy and be a constant menace to peace in the East.

"Russia's duty is to show care in the maintenance of peace in the East. While remaining on the basis of the Berlin treaty, she intends to endeavor to remove the pressure which is weighing heavily Bulgaria, and to re-establish legal order, which will serve as a guarantee of future prosperity and justify the sacrifices Russia has made. The Russian Government will not accept any arrangement which, under cover of legality, will merely Bulgaria. Russia is satisfied with the attitude of the Porte. She regards Turkey as working seriously for a pacific solution of the Bulgarian problem in conformity with existing treaties, and as being. therefore, entitled to the support of the Powers.'

THE FISHERIES COMPLICATIONS. MINISTER FOSTER ON SECRETARY BAYARD'S RECOM-

MENDATIONS. OTTAWA, Dec. 10 (special) .- Mr. Foster was asked to-day

by THE TRIBUNE correspondent;
"What do you think of Secretary Bayard's recommenda-

tion that a commission be appointed to take into consider-ation claims of American fishermen and vessel owners whose alleged rights have been invaded by Dominion authorities!" The appointment of such a tribunal, which would not

be of an international character, is a matter within their own control," he replied. "It does not affect us. If the American Government thinks that American vessels have sustained damages on account of seizure it has a perfect right to take steps to ascertain the precise amount. It is Canada's duty to make sure that the enforcement of the canada santy to make sure that he choicened of the treaty is carried out strictly within the powers conferred by law. In all such negotiations as are now in progress, it is usual to reserve the right to demand compensation for damages alleged to have been sustained. I don't see in what way the Secretary's recommendation will tend to complicate matters.

"What do you think of England's stand on this question!"

Her attitude is firm and strong. It is in accord with

DENOU. CING PREMIER GOBLET. PROPHESYING THE EARLY LALL OF HIS MINISTRY-

BARON DE COURCEL IN THE FOREIGN OFFICE.

of Foreign Affairs, and that portfolio has been offered to Baron de Courcel. The Radical press denounce M. Goblet, and declare that in his position of Prime Minister prophesy the early fall of his Ministry.

"KEATINGE" SENTENCED DUBLIN. Dec. 10.-Arthur Morton, alias "the Rev. Theodore Keatinge," was convicted to-day of swindling and sentenced to eighteen months hard labor.

A WAY TO OUTDO THE NATIONAL LEAGUE. London, Dec. 10.—The Citizen learns that should the Irish Nationalists persist in their plan of campaign the Government will introduce a bill enabling the Crown to give to the landfords the rents paid to the tenants' trustees.

MARCHING ON KASSALA Cairo, Dec. 10 .-- Advices have been received here say ing that Rasaloula, the Abyssinian general, is marching on Kassala.

MEXICAN OPINION OF THE MESSAGE. Herald says: 11 Partido Liberal (Administration organ) says in its leader to-day that President Cleveland's message shows the American Government to be well disposed toward Mexico, and that Mexico feels herself attracted by toward Mexico, and that Mexico leets derived attracted by the generous and progressive principles of the country of Washington. The belief is expressed that the Washington Cabinet will modify its ideas regarding the principle of extra-territorial jurisdiction, which is maintained also by other civilized nations. It is also said that this difference of opinion on a legal point will not prejudice the prepara-tion of a new treaty of friendship and commerce.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

REDUCING RENTS.—The Duke of Manchester announces a permanent reduction of 25 per cent in the rents on all his estates in Ireland.

HANLAN AND BEACH,—Hanlan has deposited \$500 for-feit for his race with leach in June next. He stipulates that the race shall be according to the same articles and over the same course as his race with Laycock. Hanlan will sail for Australia from America on receipt of a mes-aged from Beach confirming his acceptance of his chal-lenge.

EMIN BEY ALIVE AND FIGHTING. BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Dr. Junker, the African explorer, telegraphs that he has arrived at Zanzibar from the interior. He reports that he left Emin Bey well, and that

DISAPPROVING THE ANTI-RENT CAMPAIGN.
ONDON, Dec. 16.—The theopow Mate says it is suthered to state that Mr. Gladstone does not approve the

anti-rent campaign, begun by the National League in Ire-

Mr. Gladstone's disapproval was expressed in a private letter to Mr. Cameron, Memberof Parliament for Glas-gow. Scotch and other Liberal associations are not astis-ticd and have asked Mr. Gladstone for a full and public declaration on the subject.

TWENTY-SEVEN LIFE-SAVERS LOST. DROWNED WHILE ATTEMPTING A RESCUE. THREE MEN SUFFOCATED IN WATER ONLY KNEE-

DREP—THE VESSEI'S CHFW SAVED.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—At Southport to-day two lifeboats were wrecked while endeavoring to go the rescue of sailors on a distressed vessel. The crews of both boats were drowned. One of them numbered thirteen men. It is not known how many composed the other.

The three lifeboats left Southport to assist a distressed

vessel. The latest report says that the crew of one of the oats succeeded in rescuing the men on the vessel, but the two other boats capsized, and it is believed that altogether twenty-seven persons were drowned. The sur-vivors of one of the lifeboat crews say that instead of righting herself the boat remained bottom-up, and that five of their number were underneath it for an hour in water only knee-deep. Three of them were suffocated; the two others were rescued. The disaster has cast a

THE REVISED TORY PROGRAMME. TO TRISH BUSINESS EXCEPT SUCH AS RELATES TO

COERCION AND THE LAND ACT. come together again until after Christmas. The order of cusiness in the coming session of Parliament was revised and the programme will probably be as follows: The ses-sion will open with the introduction of a coercion bill, including special provisions for the suppression of boycott-ing. It was decided that local government measures atlegislation on the same subject for Ireland. The result of this will be that no Irish business except such as relates to coercion and to the bill extending the scope of the Ashbourne Land Act will be transacted. The Hartington section will give thorough support to the coercion measure. It is reported that the Marquis of Ripon will lead the Opposition in the House of Lords in the event of Lord Granville retaining, and that Lord Rosebery will be displaced on account of his veering toward Unionist views.

FRAGMENTS OF CARLE NEWS.

ROME, Dec. 10.—The Propaganda expect to be able to ransom the Catholic missionaries who are held captive in the Soudan.

CORK, Dec. 10.—Macmahon was acquitted to-day of the charge of attempting to murder Magistrate Keily. The jury led in the cheering which followed the announce-ment of the verdict.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC ROAD.—A meeting of holders of Central Pacific Railroad bonds was held to-day, Mr. Joseph Price presiding. The chairman said that the company was in the hands of directors who held no stock. A committee was appointed to protect the interests of English stockholders.

A CHECK ON TRENION "BOODLERS."

THE HOSE CONTRACT TO BE DECIDED BY THE SU-

PREME COURT.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 10 (*prcia*).—A special meeting of the Common Council was held to-night, at which a writ of certiorari, granted by Chief Justice Beasley, removing to the Supreme Court the matter of giving the hose contract the Supreme Court the matter of giving the hose contract to the Trenton Rubber Company, was served on the city cierk and the chairman of the Fire Committee. The writ is returnable December 18, and was applied for by David Shaw, a taxpayer. It is well known, however, that the rival rubber companies are turnishing the money and pushing the suit. Service was made to night because the meeting had been called for the purpose of approving the contract which has caused the trouble.

THE FIRE RECORD.

COMPELLED TO ABANDON THEIR BARK AT SEA. The pflot-boat Charlotte Webb, in charge of Captain Malarrived in port yesterday, having on board Captain Weed and twelve others, the crew of the American bark Cremona, taken from that vessel on Wednesday, at 10 a m. a little north of Cane Hatterns. The Cremona sailed from Acera, Africa, on October 11 for Boston with a cargo of palm oil and gum copal. Ordinary weather was experienced until November 26, when from that date to three days are heavy gales and tempestuous seas were encountered. On Mouday a sea struck the stern of the vessel with such force that it carried away the rudder and post, and broke up the starboard side of the vessel under the counter and started the cargo between decks. From this time the situation was not only peritions, but the crew sunfered terribly from exposure and hunger. When the Charlotte Webb was sighted, the bark was nearly alled with water and, as there was no possibility of bringing her into port, the crew abandoned her. As she was in the direct track of vessels and dangerous to their safety, Captain Malcolm set are to her and then came direct to port with the rescued mariners.

TOLEDO, Dec. 10.—A fire occurred to-day in Attica, Seneca County, Ohio, which destroyed nearly all the business part of the town. The loss is fully \$100,000, with insurance amounting to about half that sum.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES. NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 10.-Fire to-night destroyed the

agricultural implement foundry of S. R. White & Brother, and many valuable models and moulds. The estimated loss is \$25,000 to \$50,000; insured. BELVIDERE, N. J., Dec. 10.-The engine-house of the

water works, this place, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. The town is entirely without water. The loss is put at \$10,000.

RETIREMENT OF CAPTAIN LAW. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10 (Special).-The commandant of the League Island Navy Yard, Captain Richard L. Law, the League Island Navy Yard, Captain Richard L. Law, was retired from his position this afternoon, having reached the age of sixty-two. He was commissioned as commander on September 26, 1866, and was in that rank when stationed at the Naval Asylum in this city, in 1873-74. He was promoted to the rank of captain in December, 1877, and was made commandant of the League Island Navy Yard in 1885. He will become a resident of Washington. Among the officers mentioned as likely to succeed him at the League Island yard are Commodore Weaver, Commodore Greer, Captain Kirkland, of the New-York yard, and Captain Seely, of the League Island yard.

Indianapolis, Dec. 10 (pecial) .- Judge Gresham's admirers are systematically working in his behalf as a can didate for Presidential honors. Following the boom start didate for Presidential honors. Following the boom start-ed by Governor Porter at the late meeting of representa-tive Republicans in the city they have been quietly dis-seminating Gresham literature and have been personally advocating his claims. The Judge's candidacy is opposed by a number of the Republican papers of the State that favor Semator Harrison. The Democracy seems to be much concerned in Gresham's candidacy.

CONTESTING FOR DR. EDGAR'S FORTUNE. wealthy and somewhat eccentric r sident of Green ville, died and left his large fortune to be used in the ville, and and maintenance of a hall dedicated to spiritualism and its bedevers. Distant relations had the will set aside and secured the estate. Executly Elizabeth Hoyt, of California, appeared and established her identity as Edgar's estranged daughter. She has employed counsel to push her claims in court and the case will come up for trial next week.

JEHU BAKER FINED FIVE DOLLARS AND COSTS. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 10 (Special).—Jehu Baker, the Congress-ann-elect from the XVIIIth Illinois District, pleaded guilty to-day to assaulting J. M. Beach, a republican reporter, a few weeks ago, and was fined five dollars and costs. The reporter did not appear against him, but a warrant was issued upon information of the city marshal and the statesman entered a plea of guilty.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 10 (special).—The Economic Gas and Heating Company, which has been boring for natural gas in Mead County, in this State, has struck a fine vein

of gas at the depth of 475 feet. The gas shot up in the air in a blaze twenty-five or thirty feet high when first reached. SUICIDE OF A BANK PRESIDENT. CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—A dispatch to *The Inter-Ocean* from Fort Wayne, Iud., says Oscar A. Simons, president of the First National Bank, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting while in a distracted condition. He has been suffering some time from nervous prostration, the result of overwork. He was the richest man in Fort Wayne.

A NEW ISSUE OF MISSOURI PACIFIC STOCK. St. Louis, Dec. 10.-The stockholders of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company held a special meeting to-day n response to a call by President Gould. Three-fifths of the stock was represented. The first proposition voted on was to increase the capital stock \$4,000,000 over and above the present capital stock, the Board of Directors to give stockholders of the old issue preference in the pur-chase of the new stock at not less than par. The next proposition was to increase the bonded indebtedness of the company \$5,000,000 over the present indebtedness the company \$5,000,000 over the present indebtedness by the issue of collateral trust bonds bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent, to be secured by a deposit with a trustee of first mortgage bonds of railway companies controlled or operated by the Missouri Piscitle Company as a part of its system, the issue of such bonds to be limited as specified in the trust indenture. The propositions were adopted unanimously. The leases of the Leroy and Cany Valley Air Line Railway, of Kansas, and of the Verdigris Valley. Independence and Western Railway, of Kansas, were ratified, as were also the company's guarantee of their first mortgage bonds.

THE WABASH INDEBTEDNESS.

WHERE WILL THE LITIGATION END! VIEWS OF A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE MINORITY

.[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 10 .- One of the daily newspaper published a long article this afternoon respecting the Wabash Rallway litigation, with the statement of a legal representative who it is said speaks for the minority stockholders. It is declared that owing to its financial necessities the Wabash Company before its application for receivers had executed its notes and other commercial paper to the amount of \$4,000,000. Of this sum over \$1,180,000 had been guaranteed by

Gould, Sage, Dillon and Humphreys.

The same authority asserts that the situation a respecting the future of the road is now as follows: The general mortgage and collateral trust mortgages have been rereclosed at St. Louis; the Wabash property has been purchased by a committee representing the owners of the collateral and general mortgage bonds and the preferred and common stock. A proper title to the property of the Wabash Company, subject to all pror mortgages, is now posse-sed by the Purchasing Committee. This committee, however, by virtue of the decree of the sale is not entitled to possession until the receivers' certificates and other court indebtedness- amounting to \$4,000,000 is paid. The committee has this amount at its disposal, derived from an assessment of the collateral and general mortgage bonds and the preferred and common stock. The Purchasing Committee, however, find themselves in this attitude that, in addition to the court indebtedness before stated, there is over \$4,000,000 of past due interest unpaid upon prior nortgages cast of the Mississippi River. The committee has no funds with which to pay this unterest and the holders of this bonded indebtedness have been asked by the Purchasing Committee to make concession in regard to the same by funding their past due coupons in lieu of receiving cash. The amount of the prior mortgage debt is about \$27,000,000. Holders of \$11,000,000 of these securities have consented to the Purchasing Committee's plan; the holders of \$4,000,000 have opposed to it, upon shose application the present receivers have been removed, and the other \$13,000,000 of prior bondhelders have not yet been heard from."

The paper declares that the decision insures that the Wacash system in consequence of the decision will probably disintegrate of necessity and be resolved to its ori inal condition of ind-pendent roads and that in such an event, the holders of the securities represented by the Furchasing Committee, will find themselves practically unscored by any tangible property. Henry Crawford, as autorney for certain bondloiders of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway, in accordance with the opinion given by Judge Bresham, has taken preliminary action in the United States Circuit Court at Springheld looki erty has been purchased by a committee representing

There were no new developments in the New-York and New-England contest for control yesterday that were of a decisive character. The New-York stockholders have not yet completed their ticket, but they claim the control. Among those who are said to be pretty sure to go into the Board are H. Victor Newcomb, william H. Starbuck, who was interested in the original Oregon Railway and Navigation enterprises, and Elijah Smith. Friends of the Clark-Higginson side still claim the control. It is understood that no Gould representatives will be in the Fourd, no matter which party wins, although the use of the name of some one who is identified with Mr. Gould has been solicited.

with regard to the representation of east-and decay rates railroad men here say that the extent of the irregularities is greatly exargerated. It is admitted that there are cases where the tarift is not strictly observed, but that no serious disturbances exist anywhere. The irregularities, wherever discovered, are corrected as speedily as possi-

ble.

At a meeting of the directors of the Lake Eric and Western Railway Company yesterday, C. R. Cummings and John T. Martin were elected to dil the vacancies caused by the resignation of Messrs, Butler and Rice. Mr. Cummings was made president and Frank C. Hollins vice-president. The present Board consists, in addition to those named, of E. H. R. Lyman, Alexander M. White, Calvin S. Brice, Nelson Robinson, Clarence Cary, Damiel P. Eelis and William M. Fleiss, It was stated that the assessments paid on the stock would be sufficient to take the property out of the hands of the receiver and to prevent a foreclosure sale.

THE ARCADE RAILWAY INJUNCTION. Argument on the demotrer in the suit of John Jacob Astor and other Broadway property owners against the Arcade Railway Company, in which a perpetual injunction restrain-

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. Sr. Louis, Dec. 10.-The Middle and Western States

Freight Association began its regular quarterly meeting at the Southern Hotel yesterday. It was decided by a unanimous vote to advance the rate on all classes of West-bound freight from the basis of forty-five cents a 100 pounds in first class, Pittsburg to Chicago, to fifty cents. The Eastern initial points affected by the change are The Eastern initial points affected by the change are Buffalo, Pittsburg and Wheeling, and points common to them. On the lower classes the advance will amount to about two cents per 100 pounds. A new form of bill of hading was adopted containing the words: "Neither this company, nor any such other carrier, shall be liable for any loss or damage to said property by dangers or accidents incident to railroad transportation, or by fires or flood while at depots, stations, yar is, landings, warehouses in transit; and said property is to be carried at owner's Tisk of leakage, breakage, chafing, loss in weight, or loss or damage caused by changes in the weather or by heat, frost, wet or decay, and if any portion of route to destination is by water, of all dangers incident to navigation."

Chicago, Dec. 10 (Special).—The answer of the directors of the Pennsylvania Company respecting the Stewartthe Pennsylvania Company respecting the Stewartave, and Jackson-st, bridge ordinance, which was passed by the Council last Monday night, reached the city this afternoon and was laid before the Mayor. The directors formally decline to accept the ordinance as passed, giving as their reasons, first, that they offer the city a good street thirty-three feet in width where there is now no street: thirty-three feet in whith warer tacer is now no street; that, in addition to this, they offer the land on which to swing a bridge at Jackson-st., which is a valuable concession; also that under the present ordinance they are permitted to run their trains at the rate of ten miles an hour, and it is idle to ask them to give up that privilege and accept an ordinance restricting them to sk unles an hour. The company also says that it is impracticable to give the land at Madison on which to swing a double-track bridge. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10 (Special).-The brickwork of

the tunnel of the Baltimore and Ohio Rallroad under Twenty-fifth-st. was finished at noon to-day and the tun-nel will be ready for use on Monday. It is expected to

run trains on Wednesday. An attempt will be made to reduce the time to New-York. Additional testimony was taken this morning by Master Dallas in the suit of the Pennsylvania Steel Company against the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. The reorganization plan of the Reading Railroad is still in the hands of the New York syndicate. They are said to be satisfied with it. The plan will probably be returned

Boston, Dec. 10.—The Governor and Conneil have been advised by the Attorney-General that the Lowell Road has a right to bid for the purchase of the Hoosac Tunnel and connecting roads owned by the Commonwealth, in competition with the Fitchburg and the State House authorities are confident that bids from both roads will now be received.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 10.-D. L. Wing, president of the St. Louis and Chicago Railroad, has information denying the sale of of the road. Mr. Hollins, who controls nying the sale of other coal. Mr. Hollins, who could be the road, says the official announcement will be made immediately that Mr. Wing is to be made president of the entire line of the St. Louis and Chicago extension from St. Louis to Springfield and of the Chicago and St. Louis from Chicago to Peoria.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Justice Harlan made final

orders to-day in the Illinois Midland Railroad case.

offer of Dew, the purchaser, to pay, in addition to his bid of \$1,127,000, the sum of \$18,500 for benefit of labor

claims, is accepted and confirmed. The purchaser is directed to pay his bin into court in three instalments on the first days of January, Feoruary and March next. The Court also settled all questions of allowances.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10. (*pecial).—The annual election for officers of the Volunteer Fire Association, of Philadelphia began last night and when the last ballot was unted, it was twenty minutes after four this morning. The association has over 1,200 members in good stand The association has over 1,200 members in good stand-ing and there was a contest for each office. Throthy A. Sloan, a candidate for financial secretary, became abusive and cursed President Ruoff and all the other officers. A committee to investigate the conduct of Sloan was ap-pointed. The officers elected were: President, John D. Ruoff; vice-presidents—George Downey, Williad N. Kidd; treasurer, Thomas McCallough; secretary, John G. Hollick; financial secretary Edwin B. Woodruff.

WAR AMONG LABOR LEADERS.

A CIRCULAR FROM POWDERLY RESENTED. OFFICIALS OF THE CIGARMAKERS' INTERNATIONAL UNION CHARGED WITH DRUNKENNESS-A VIG-

Workman Powderly's fondness for writing secret circulars has made secons trouble for the order at last. It has come to light that much of the bitterness which has been exhibited by the delegates of the ('Igarmakets' International Union toward the Knights of Labor is due to an attack on the officers of that organization which is cont-ined in a circular in regard to the cigarmakers' business which was sent out some time ago by the Gen-eral Executive Board of the Kuights of Labor. It was hinted that copies of this circular are in Columbus, but i TRIBUNE correspondent succeeded in getting hold of a copy, however. It is addressed to "the Order and the Clearmakers," and is dated at Pulladelphia on July 2,

bers of the General Executive Board. When it be-came knows to President Strasser to-day that the circular was to be made public, he wrote the following open letter to the General Executive Board from Columbus:

Mr. Gompe s was exceedingly indignant at the direct afternoon asked leave to make a personal explanation.

attack made on him, and when the conference met in the aiternoon asked leave to make a personal explanation. He said:

I wish to read part of a secret pamphlet, published some months ato and spread broadcast throughout the land, in which the Execute Roard of the chambits of Labor seem to sink to the lowest level o vituperation and abuse be cause I dare be a union ham, it core processing to read, I deare to say that it is well-flower that in an officer of the union with which I have not officer of the thomo with which I have not officer of the minon with which I have been opposed, but multi-recently, no matter how britter the opposition to a personal respect of my friends and to personal respect of my friends and to personal respect of my opponent retrains the month of January. 1886, the cigar proposed, but multi-recently, no matter how britter the opposition to approximal respect of my opponent retrains the month of January. 1886, the cigar proposed, our union request to subtout to the reduction, and as a tesulit the manufacturers to desire of the reduction and as a tesulit the manufacturers to dest out 10,000 people. Because I was active in my opposition to our size interestince with the manufacturers to call the land of the Relights of Labor. In my hand I hold the pambhet to which I refer. It says: "The teneral executive Board of the Knights of Labor. In my hand I hold the pambhet to which I refer. It says: "The teneral executive Board has never had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Gompers soler." Asyon will see, this is a forty-eight-page circular. I deny the correctness of the testimony published, but admitting that it is correct, it still shows that I appeared before that own of the series of meeting Mr. Gompers soler." Asyon will see, that own of the series of the cost of the columnation of the labor shallow, which are ordered to the read in the assemble will be shown that the is short, that it is tresome to was the route of the control of the control

cious.

Mr. Gompers's speech and the publicity given the cir cular have destroyed any slight chance that there may have been for a settlement of the troubles between the Knights and the unions.

The, Knights of Labor committee has left the city.

meeting of the committees representing the two organizations was held this afternoon at the United States Hotel. Mr. Hall, of the Knights, said that his committee could make no arrangements that would be binding or the order. They were simply here to discuss the situa tion with the trades unionists and to report. Mr. Fitz-patrick, for the trades unionists, said that the only basis patrick, for the trades unionists, said that the only basis of settlement that would be satisfactory to his body would be that of the proposed Cleveland treaty. A general discussion followed, but after a three hours' session the meeting adjourned without result. The Conference subsequently adopted a resolution continuing the Committee on Knights of Labor, adding Mr. Daly, of Massachusetts, to it, and instructing them to treat with the Knights only on a basis of the trades union treaty. At the afternoon session a resolution was passed stating that "the time had now arrived when the working people should decide upon the necessity of action as citizens at the ballot-box, independent of existing political parties, and this convention urges a most generous support to the independent movement of the working people." A National apprenticaship law was also demanded. There were present at the conference forty-two delegates, representing twenty-ave unions with a membership of 320,000.

A meeting of the rederation of Trades was held in the afternoon. There was a heated discussion on a motion

favoring a new trial for the Chicago Anarchists. It was finally referred to the Conference for action.

KNIGHTS IN THE CENTRAL UNION TO REVOLT The treatment of the reporters at last Sunday's meeting of the Central Labor Union by the socialistic elemen which controls it and the refusal of the delegates of

which controls it and the refusal of the deseates the trades unions at the Columbus convention to admit a committee from the Knights of Labor have aroused the Knights of District Assembly No. 49, and there is every prospect that there will be an open revolt against the Central Labor Union at its meeting to-morrow by the members of District Assembly No. 40, who are also members of the Central Labor Union. They that the men who represent that element are not bonest in their intentions toward the laboring classes. In consequence of this a circular has been prepared and mailed to every member of District Assembly No. 49, and to all the local bodies of that district, which says: and to all the local bodies of that district, which says:
It is well known that the Socialists have control of the Central Labor Union and are doing all in their power to subvert the power of the Knightsof Labor therein represented. It is therefore dangerous to have such enemies on the common ground as the Central Labor Union.

"This," said a Knight of Labor yesterday, " means wa and it will be a bitter one."

STREET-CAR MEN COMPLAIN OF TYRANNY. There is considerable trouble on the Central Cross Tow Horse-Car Line, which runs between the Christo pher and Twenty-third-st. ferries. The company it is said, is discharging all of its old employed and taking on new men who are not members of the Knights of Labor. The men are members of the Knights of Labor. Ine men are paid \$1.32, \$1.68 and \$1.82 a day. The men when they are hired sign an agreement by which they declare that they will never ask for any compensation under any pretext whatever more than the wages mentioned herewith. The men say that the company's rules are oppressive and tyrannical. The agreement ends with the following: "Any conductor or driver in the employ of this company belonging to a labor organization whose rules conflict with those of this company will be immediately discharged."

NOTES IN THE LABOR WORLD.

nay be a strike in the Connellaville coke regions, after ail. A telegram from Scottdale states that, to every body's surprise, the Knights of Labor have at last con-scated to co-operate with the Miners and Mine Laborers' Amalgamated Association in the enforcement of the lat-ter's demands of the coke operators, to take effect on December 25. Between 10,000 and 15,000 men are involved in this decision. COHOES, Dec. 10 (*special*).—A silent arrangement has

been entered into between the Executive Board, Knights the help in the Atlantic Mill have returned to work. Neither side will state the agreement, but the firm say that it does not conflict with anything in the laws of the Manulacturers' Association.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 10.-The Cohoes and Waterford Knitting Mill owners to-day advertised for 10,000 skilled operatives, guaranteeing permanent employment and good wages. The Knights of Labor have pickets on duty at the depots and also at the mill entrances. Eighty Italian laborers, employed on the New-York.

Eighty Italian laborers, employed on the New-You.

Rutland and Montreal Railroad, who have not been paid
by the contractors, assembled near Petersburg Junction
this morning and decided to destroy the road. They tore
up several rails and then retired to await developments.
The company will take steps to protect their property.
Several thousand dollars are said to be due the Italians.
The company paid the contractors.

Chucago Dec. 10 - A dispatch to The Times from Deni-CHICAGO, Dec. 10.-A dispatch to The Times from Dent-

on, Tex., says: "At 9 o'clock last night the Missour Pacific switchmen at this place waiked out of the yards in a body. The grievance was too much work for the pay. Some of the conductors have been asked to do the work, but none have done so yet.

Skowhegan, Me., Dec. 10.—The trouble between Keene Bros. and their employes, which was announced yester-

day as settled, was renewed to-day by the Knights of Labor and lasters refusing to work unless the factory was run as a union shop. TRYING TO SAVE A MU. DERESS.

THE GOVERNOR ASKED TO COMMUTE THE SEN-TENCE OF MRS. ROXALINA DRUSE. ALBANY, Dec. 10.-The Governor this afternoon gave short informal hearing to District-Attorney Sheldon, of Herkimer County, and Counsellor H. D. Luce, of Richneid springs, in the matter of an application for a commuta-tion of the scatence of Mrs. Roxalina Druse, tion of the sentence of Mrs. Roxalina Druse, under sentence of death for killing her husband, chopping up his body and burning it. Mr. Luce pleaded against the hanging of women on the basis of the evolting spectacle it would present. He urged that the Governors of this State had almost unitormly used their prerogatives to prevent the hanging of a woman, and instanced Governor Tilden's stand in the case of one Mrs. Vredenborg several years ago. Governor Hill promptly turned to the record of the case, and found that the Governor at that time commuted the sentence because of her age and illness, and expressed doubts on his own part

The counsel then argued that the act of deliberate mu der was not proved, and held that the presence of so many accomplices in the disposal of the body was proof that the criminal intent was wanting in the condemned woman. The Governor asked if Mrs. Druse had ever given her

"Ill as she was, however," said the counsel,

The Governor asked it and a boundary, "either on the verying of the killing.

"Never," replied the District-Attorney, "either on the the inquest or the trial, or since."

The Governor, turning to Mr. Luce, said: "It is for you to answer or not as your duty to your client may lead you to deem best, but it is a fact that I am now confronted by the very important fact that Mrs. Druse was not called on to testify."

Mr. Luce—Yes. The plain fact is that we did not deem her strong enough. She is a weak woman and we

Mr. Luce-108.

deem her strong enough. She is a weak woman and we hardly dured to trust her.

"Yes, that will do," said the Governor.

Lillie Devereux Blake sent a strong letter to the Governor urging commutation.

INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF INSANE.

ALBANY, Dec. 10.—A special meeting of the State Board of Charities, which has been in session for the last two days, closed this evening. The purpose of the meeting was the consideration of the annual report to the Legislature, which was read and passed upon. The report contains a full exhibit or the innancial condition port contains a full exhibit of the manical condition of the various charitable, correctional and reformatory institutions of the State under the inspection of the Board. It shows a slight increase in the pauper and re-formatory classes and a large increase in the number of Insane, the various asylums of the state baving 13,533 insane persons in their custody on October 1, 1886, as against 12,707 on October 1, 1885, or an increase of 826 during the year. The asylums for the insane throughout the State are generally crowded.

VERDICT AGAINST A RAILROAD COMPANY. ALBANY, Dec. 10 .- In the Circuit Court to-day, befor Judge Charles Ingalis, an action against the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, to recover damages for the killing of Charles MacDonald, near Mechanicsville, on November 4, 1884, was tried. It was alleged that he was pushed from the rear platform of a car by the conductor. The evidence for the defence was that the conductor did not touch MacDonald; that the latter was drunk and pernot touch MacDonald; that the latter was aring and persisted in standing on the lower step of the rear platform of the rear car, and that when the conductor called to him to come up on the platform, he suddenly disappeared. The jury returned the following verdict: "In giving this case due consideration, we, the jury, exonerate the conductor of the charge of shoving or kicking this man acDonald from the car, but find a vertict against the defendant for not stopping the train at the time when MacDonald fell from the car, whereby he lost his life. We find a vertict in favor of the plaintiff and fix the sum of \$1,000, with costs."

JOTTINGS HERE AND THERE.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 10.—Secretary of State Cook has resigned from the Board of Directors of the State Industrial School, and Alderman Henry Kohlmetz, a Republican, has been appointed to all the place by Governor Hill. Lockport, Dec. 10.—While playing with fire in the kitchen stove, at noon yesterday, Thomas, one of the two year-old twin children of Michael Collins, set fire to his clothing and was burned to death.

NewBurg, Dec. 10.-James A. Smith, an agent of the Prudential Life Insurance Company, has gone wrong. His territory has been around Port Jervis. He not only collected money from persons insured, but left without paying his woard bill.

Tuxedo Park is going to have a rival. A company of New-York men has bought the Clarkson patent, a large tract of land, part in Rock Hill and part in Manakating, Sullivan County, for the purpose of turning it into a park similar to Tuxedo. The price paid is said to have been \$6,000.

THE MAIR & CHANMER SCHOONER REPORTED. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10 .- A telegram received at the PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—A telegram received at the Maritime Exchange states that the schooner Mair & Craumer, of Philadelphia, from Georgetown, D. C., for New-York with a cargo of coal, was anchored off Watchpreague, Va., yesterday with rudder gone. She had telegraphed for assistance. It is probable that this is the vessel which was in distress on Tuesuay to whose assistance the boat's crew of the steamer knickerbocker had gone when their boat capsized and five men were drowned. The captain of the Knickerbocker upon his arrival in New-York reported the disabled schooner as the Mary S, Cranmer.

TAMMANY COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION. TABLEAU COMMITTEE ON PRODUCT AND ASSESSED AS THE TRANSMITTER ON PROPERTY OF THE TRANSMITTER ON PROPERTY OF THE TRANSMITTER OF THE ASSESSED PROPERTY OF THE ASSESSED AS THE ASS PRICE THREE CENTS

FATHER M'GLYNN'S DEFENCE

IS HE ON A PAR WITH BISHOP NULTY! WHAT HIS PRIENDS SAY ABOUT THE CASE-THE

TIME OF HIS GOING TO ROME UNCERTAIN. The announcement that the Rev. Dr. McGlynn had been summoned to Rome to explain his utter-ances on the land and labor question was a theme of discussion everywhere yesterday. The fellowers of Henry George naturally look upon the priest as a martyr to their cause, and declare that his superiors are making a great mistake in attempting to panish him. Mr. George thinks it would be im proper for him to say anything on the subject now, as the expression of his views might possibly prejudice Dr. McGlynn's case. Some of his lieutenants, however, do not hesitate to denounce the

action of the Archbishop as unwise and impolitic,

"Look at the matter," said one of them last evening, " and see the significance of it. What is Ireland fighting for at present? Two causes-national autonomy and the nationalization of the land. The first of course is paramount now and some of these who are fighting for it with Mr. Parnell may not be in favor of the other scheme, which may be termed the Davitt cause. But these are few in number. The great majority of the Land League are .or the land nationalization project as much as for Home Rule. Now, what is land nationalization practically but Mr. George's doctrine? It is so understood everywhere and particularly in Itelana. Nearly all the Irish priests and prelates are now outspover advocates of the doctrine, and those opposed to is hardly dare to express their dissent, so popular is the idea there. You remember the outery there was against Archbishop McCabe when he undertook to denounce the dectrine in Dublin. His people would not stand it and a bundred or more of speaking. This being the case, why is Dr. McGlynn called to account for holding or expressing views that are held and spoken probably by hundreds of priests ! It is true that the Rev. Dr. Nulty, Bishop of Meath, was called to account for holding these notions and summoned to Rome. But he came back in triumph and received praise instead of consure from the Pope. Why, it was Bishop Nulty who succeeded in getting Dr. Wal-h, the choice of the Land League, made Archbishop of Dublin. If Bishop Nulty's Socialistic meas, or whatever you may term them, were not rebuked, why should Dr. McGlynn be censured? The course of Archbushop Corrigan will oring him into direct contact with the Laud League, which is now Ireland itself, and that is a position I do not think the Archbishop will care to occupy."

Other labor leaders went so far as to say that the

will care to occupy."

Other labor leaders went so far as to say that the prosecution of Dr. McGlyun was largely due to the influence of certain politicians and wealthy men with the Archbishop. "They are afrast of the labor movement," said a well-known labor advocate, "and are trying to crush it. They are taking an unwise cours, however, for if Dr. McGlyun is steneoed it will be one of the biggest booms for the labor party that it has received."

From an authorized representative of Archbishop Corrigan some further facts were ascertained in regard to 1r. McGlyun's case and the summons from Rome. The summons arrived on Friday of last week in the form of a dispaten simply stating that Dr. McGlyun should come to Rome without delay. "Just when he will start," it was explained, "cannot now be stated. No date has been fixed, but of course he will go within a reasonable time. Who will take his place in St. Stechhol's! Oh, the position is not vacant and no atrangement has yet been made for alling it in his absence. I wish to make it clear why Dr. McGlyun has been summoned to Rome. The question at issue is not one of political ecoomy. It is a question of ethics, of religious philosophy and theology. This is what is involved in this denial of the mainvidual right of property in land which Dr. McGlyun holds, according to his publishe! statements. It is on these that the charges against him are based. In his last encyclical the Pope makes perfectly clear the position of the "atholic Churcu on this question, when he says that it commands that the right of property and ownership shall be held intact and inviolate. This is the teaching of the Church. Dr. McGlyun has spoten contrary to this and must answer or explain his utterances."

"What punishment will be be likely to receive if condemned?"

"That I cannot say. I can recall no examples so as to make comparisons. He may be able to make

answer of explain his offerances."

"What probabment will be be likely to receive if condemned?"

"That I cannot say. I can recall no examples so as to make comparisons. he may be able to make such an explanation as will satisfy the Propaganda that he is perfectly ortholox in his views. We cannot say what his thoughts may be on the subject; we have only his expressions to judge him by. There is one thing certain, that the world will now know just how the Catholic Church stands on this land question. Even if Dr. Medlynn's views are found not to be in harmony with those of the Church, the fact that he is a worthy and highly esteemed clergyman will of course be taken into consideration."

The fact that Dr. Medlynn was graduated from the College of the Propaganda at Rome has been given as a reason for his being called to Rome. He received his authority as press from the College of Cardinals, and it has been stated that he was only answerable to them. This, it was said yesterday, is not true. He is as muon under the Archibishop's control as any other priest. Archibishop, Corrigan could have punished him by removing him from St. Stephen's, but such action would have the matter still unsettjed, for Dr. Medlynn would have had the right to appeal to Fome. For this reason the Archibishop thought best to have the whole matter decided by the authorities at Rome.

Dr. Medlynn was at home all day yesterday, but decided to make any statements for publication. A Tribune reporter showed him the expressions of the Archibishop's representative, but he a id that he had nothing to say regarding them. His friends maintain that there is not the slightest probability that he will take back anything that he has said.

The Rev. Micheal Phalan of St. Cecilia's, the Rev. Henry C. MacDowall, of St. Agnes's and the Rev. Charles of cready, of the Holy Cross, were among the priests who advocated the election of Mr. George, but so far as could be ascertained none of them has been called to account.

GROWIH OF THE INON ORE INDUSTRY. CLEVELAND, Dec. 10.—In its annual summary of the from one business The from trade Review will to-morrow say that the sales for 1886 will reach the largest figures since the opening of the Lake Superior iron ore industry since the opening of the Lake Superior iron ore industry thirty years ago. For the season ended December 1 it estimates that 3,536,500 gross tons were sold, compared with 2,935,486 tons in 1885, an increase of 598,015 tons over last year. The amount of unsold ore at lower lake ports one year ago was estimated at 130,000 tons; this year the unsold surplus is less than 70,000 tons. The totals receipts at Lake Eric ports for the senson of 1886 were 2,168,554 tons, being 645,585 tons in excess of last year. The amount of ore on docks at Lake Eric ports December 1 was 966,472, or 82,468 tons less than at the same time last year. From all these facts the Acries concludes that the docks will be cleaned up by apring, and that the output of the Lake Superior districts, which this year reached nearly 3,500,000 tons, will next year nearly approximate 4,000,000 tons.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

INDUCEMENTS WANTED FOR EATING QUAIL. Chicago, Dec. 10 ("pecial), "The quail-eating craze has prung up anew. Thomas boyle, employed on one of the tity papers, offers to unito the usual feat of eating thirty hids in thirty days by eating ten extra. making forty in

birds in thirty days by eating ten extra. making forty in all.

WITHDRAWAL OF MRS. BELCHER'S HEIRS.
Farmington, Me., Dec. 10.—The contest over the probating of Mrs. Sarah Belcher's will bequeathing an estate to Bates College, was abruptly terminated this morning, the contestants withdrawing their opposition, as the decision of the Probate Court would not be final.

SATISFACTORY TRIAL OF THE DOLPHIN.
FORT MONDO, Dec. 16.—The United States ship Dolphin has just returned from her six bours' run outside. The trial was satisfactory. She eveloped a speed of fourteen kecta.
AN INTERESTING LEGAL POINT.
HARRISHING, Penn., Dec. 10.—The Commonwealth is about returned from the states of the trial beauty of the late John Dubois, of Clearfield County, and hely to his estate, which has been inventoried at \$3,000,000, to recover 5 per cent, on the ground that the conveyance of the estate was in the nature of a testamentary devise.

ARRESTED FOR CHECK-RAISING.
ST. LOUIS Dec. 10.—Robert Spencer has been attended at Dodge City, Kath., or ingressing a pension check from \$30 to \$3,000.

Dodge City, Kain, for ingressing a pension check from \$30 to \$3,000.

CONTRIBUTION FROM MR. CHILDS.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 10.—George W. Childs has sent a contribution of \$5.00 to James R. Ramaall, charman, for the Hayne and Wilde memorial monuments to be erected in Hayne and Wilde memorial monuments to be erected in Hayne and wilde memorial monuments to be erected in Hayne and patriotic editor.

FUNERAL OF JOHN E. OWENS.

Baltimore, Dec. 10.—The innessi of John E. Owens, in compliant took place to-day at his country home, "August Vale," in Baltimore county. The body was deposited in the manuscleum at orecamount this afternoon.

DOWN AN EMBANKMENT IN A CABLE CAR.

CININNATI, Dec. 10.—A cable car ascending the Gilbe Avenne hill atopped to set of a passenger, and when an Jempt to start it was made both the brake and the grip refuse to work and the car ran backward a quarter of a safe to curre, where it plunged down an emeankment. All on bos except a baby were more or loss ormisod.

NICKEL COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

NICKEL COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

CARO, In., Dec. 1u.—Officer Joseph Dupnyster, of B.
County, Kentucky, a companied by a posse of citizens, into a used of commerciators on Wennesday, and arrestum and two women. Last Saturday one of the mass of wheelther and bought some select, for which he paid with compaction inches five commerciators. This is to the bush wheelther and bought some select, for which he paid with compactions inches five commerciators.

PLAYING A TRUMP WHILE DYING.
"HLADBAPHA, Dec. 10 (Apreind).—Charles bethale
ty-saidt, while playing cards in fearer's liquer of
the june of the brings fell over dead.